Basal Bark – Hints

- Spray band about shin- or knee-high for best results, but height is not critical
- Get a light spray on the root collar and any exposed roots for larger trees (2+" dia) to minimize resprouts
- Spray the crotches of larger trees that might be made up multiple trunks grown together
- For shoots smaller than 1" dia, spraying one side is sufficient
- If small enough to bend the shoot over, just drip enough to run around the stem

Basal Bark - When?

- Works fine anytime
- Fall/Winter may be better, spring slightly less effective
- Do <u>not</u> spray when temps are over 80°F, volatilizes
- Winter applications work
 - May leaf out in spring, then die
 - Hard to get to the root collar
- When leaves are green, it is easier to see what was missed a few weeks later

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- If you leave the dead trees lay, it is hard to continue your work, so best to pile, chip or burn dead trees

Brush Piles

- Logs can be used for firewood
- Live, fresh cut buckthorn is tough to start burning
- Honeysuckle makes a good starter
- Seasoned, dead buckthorn burns hot
- If you can do so safely, burn as you work (winter or after a controlled burn)
- Pile brush as parallel as possible for future burning
- Piles may become critter habitat

General Follow-up

Resprouts

- Untreated cut stumps, burned shoots will re-sprout prolifically
- Get them while small
- If a stump was cut but not treated, a conical spray of basal bark mix over the stump works great

Seedbank

- If you have buckthorn, you have seeds in the soil
- Seeds in the soil may continue to sprout for 5+ years
- Brand new seedlings can be pulled, sprayed, or burned

Controlled Burn

Will kill new seedlings from the seed bank

General Follow-up (cont'd)

- Foliar Spray
 - For thick growth of resprouts or new seedlings
- Planting
 - Watch to see what comes back on its own
 - Watch and address new weeds
 - Plant new, hopefully with natives
 - Be careful of "natives" that are not really native, or problematically aggressive

Herbicides Limit the Chemical Effects

- Choose the right herbicide, tested for the purpose
- Read the directions, cautions, etc
- Use the correct concentration of mix (stronger is not necessarily more effective)
- Limit drips and overspray
- Use herbicides that break down quickly into harmless components

Triclopyr 4 with Oil

For:

- Basal bark treatment
- Cut stumps
- "Spritz"

Effect:

- Broadleaf killer, but oil may smother grasses & sedges
- Very effective, ie., a little bit goes a long way

Triclopyr 4 with Oil (cont'd)

What I've used:

- Pre-mixed: Pathfinder II
- Mix myself in bulk: Triclopyr 4 (1 part) with oil (4 parts)
- Triclopyr 4 brand name: Garlon 4
- Generics available, including Element 4

NOTE: Triclopyr 4 is different from Triclopyr 3a which is formulated to mix with water, and will not penetrate tree bark.

Triclopyr 4 with Oil (cont'd)

Oil Options:

- Specialty vegetable oils, most expensive
- Bark Oil Blue:
 - developed for basal bark treatments
 - Basal Red is similar, but more expensive
- Diesel, least expensive, very available

Triclopyr 4 with Oil (cont'd)

Where to get it?

- Agricultural Supply Sources
- My source is CPS (Crop Production Services), in DeForest, near Madison

Hint:

Use a dedicated sprayer, or be sure sprayer is completely dry. A few drops of water will create a gel clump that will clog the sprayer